

基因分子生物學 (2)
再生研究: 斑馬魚的角度

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ICOB at Academia Sinica
4 Jan, 2025

Topics for today

1. 為什麼要研究再生?
2. 如何利用斑馬魚研究再生?
3. 人類有一天也可以斷肢再生嗎?

Some vertebrates are highly-regenerative

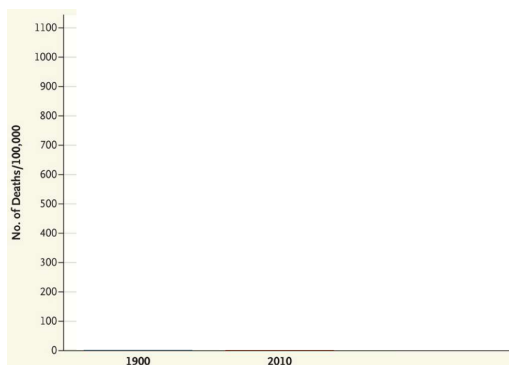


Don't try this at home!



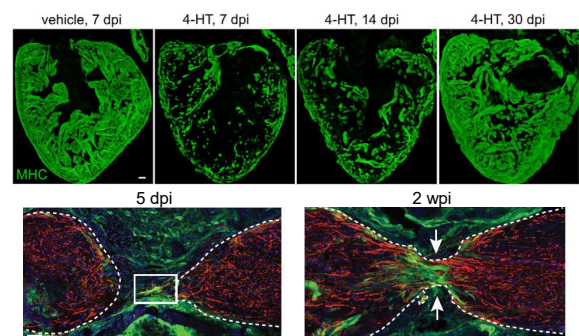
www.inquisitr.com

What if humans were highly-regenerative?



NEJM, 2012

Zebrafish are highly-regenerative to repair their internal organs

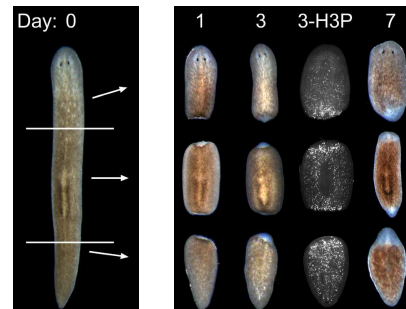


Wang et al, 2011; Mokalled et al, 2016

Challenges in studying regeneration

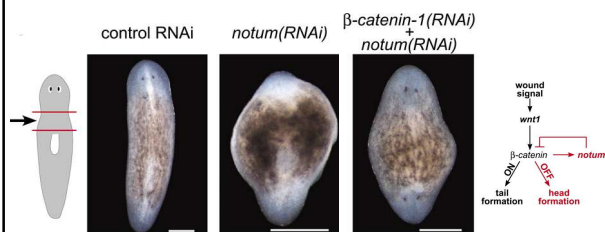


Something about planarians



http://pearsonlab.ca/?page_id=6

Regeneration genes



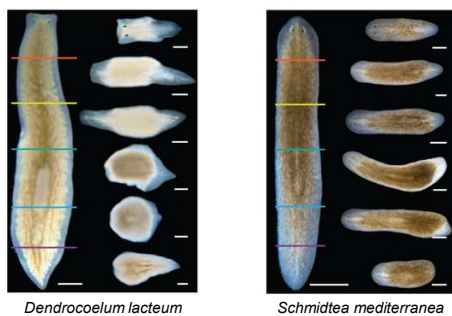
<http://scienceintheclassroom.org/research-papers/heads-or-tails/university>

Regeneration and Immortality



<http://www.ub.edu/planaria/index.html>

Some planarians can't regenerate



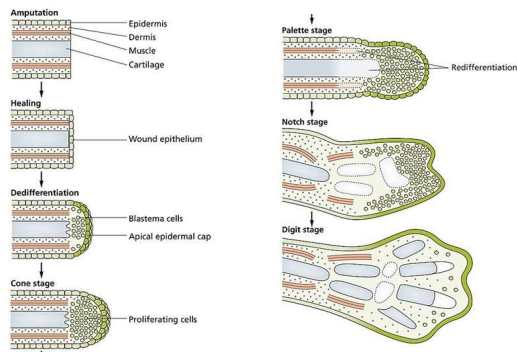
<http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v500/n7460/full/nature12414.html>

Models of highly-regenerative vertebrates

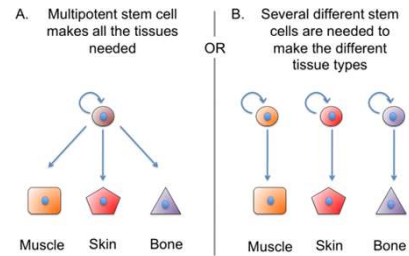


mentalfloss.com

What is the “blastema”?

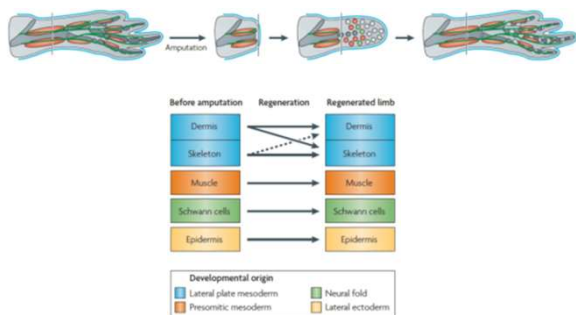


Stem cells and regeneration



<http://www.eurostemcell.org/image/possible-regeneration-models>

Stem cells and regeneration



NRG 2010



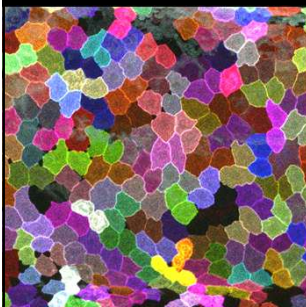
Highly regenerative

Accessible to many genetic tools

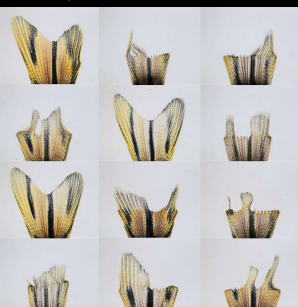
Great for cell imaging studies

My research program at ICOB

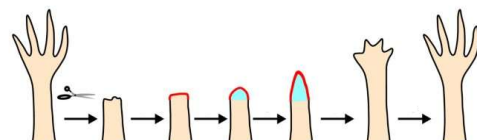
Direction #1
Collective cell behavior



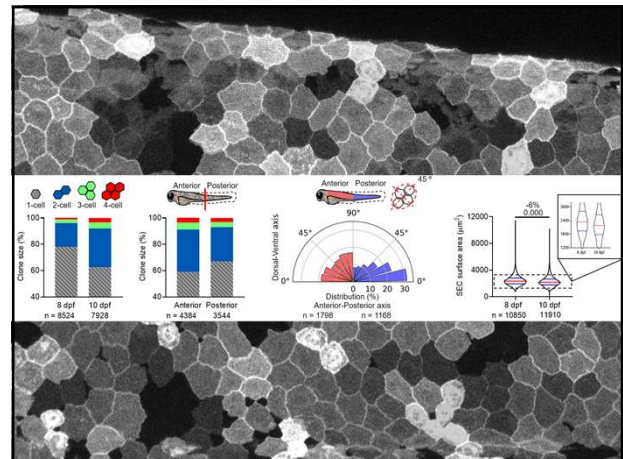
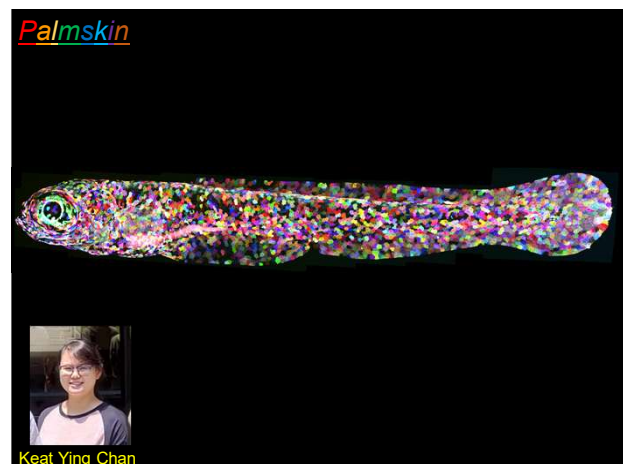
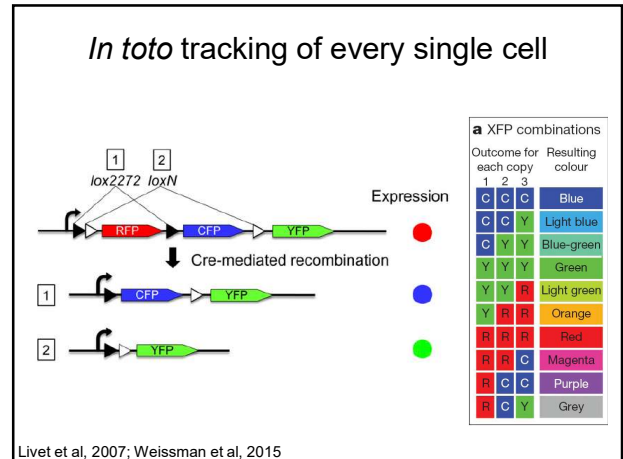
Direction #2
Regeneration mutants



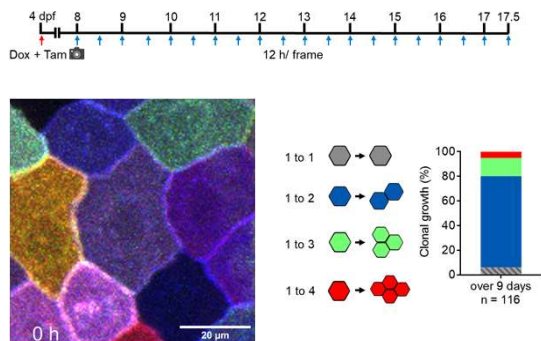
Construct single-cell behavior atlases



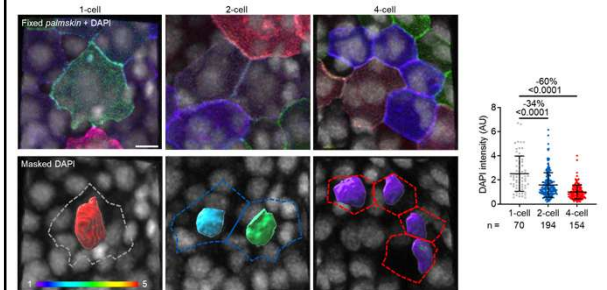
Whited et al., 2009



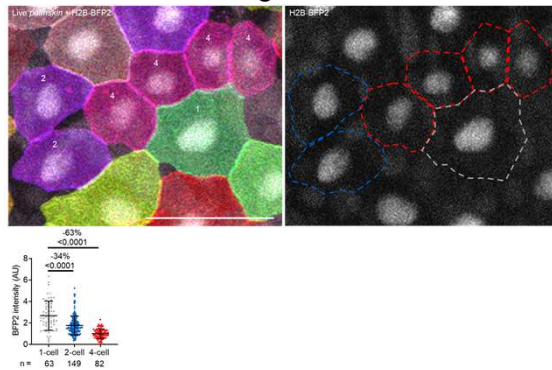
A single SEC can produce four cells



SEC division generates somatic cells with a reduced genome size



SEC division generates somatic cells with a reduced genome size



How did we come up with the name?

Asynthetic Fission

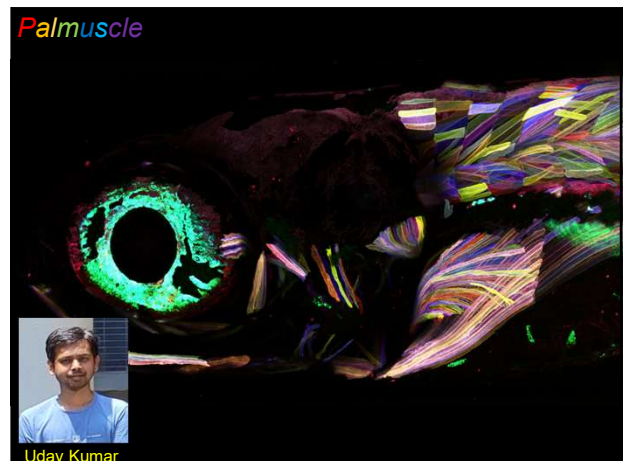
“a” as a prefix means “opposite”

“fission” means “splitting into two or more”

Chan et al., Nature 2022, PMID: 35477758

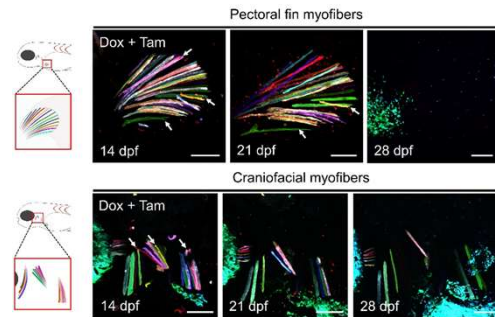
基礎研究

1. 正常細胞分裂- 發育 生長 繁殖 再生
2. 不正常細胞分裂- 癌症 疾病 老化
3. 明顯的例外- 基礎細胞分裂機制的研究
4. 斑馬魚是脊椎動物- 其它細胞或物種

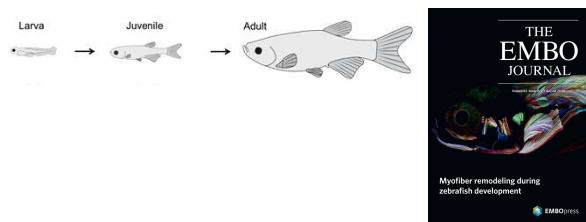




Palmuscle enables long-term tracking of all myofibers in a growing individual



In toto approach identifies a new muscle growth mechanism

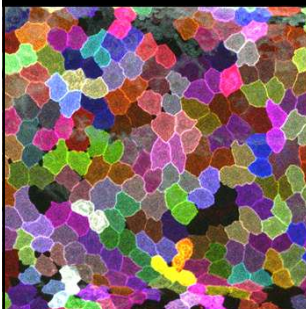


Kumar et al., EMBO J 2024, PMID: 38839992

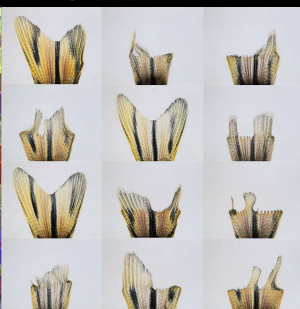
Any questions for the first part?

My research program at ICOB

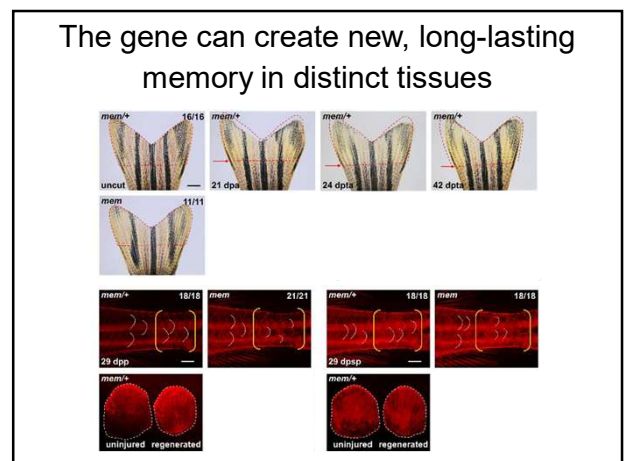
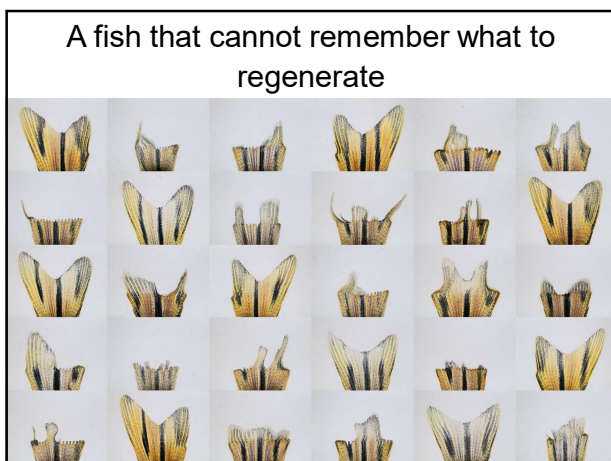
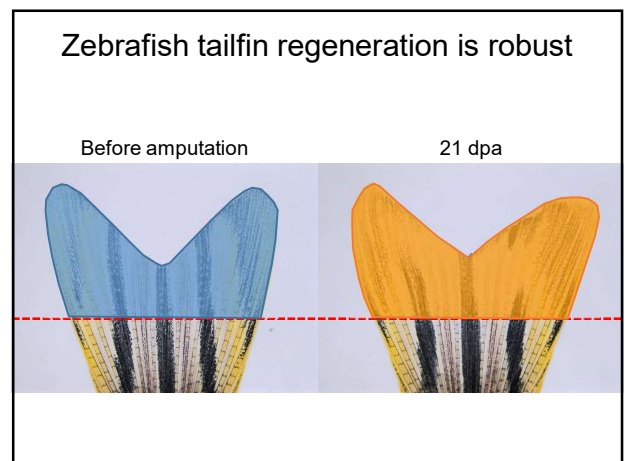
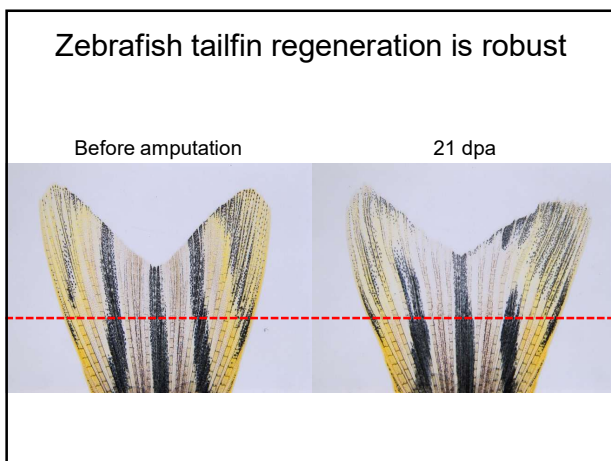
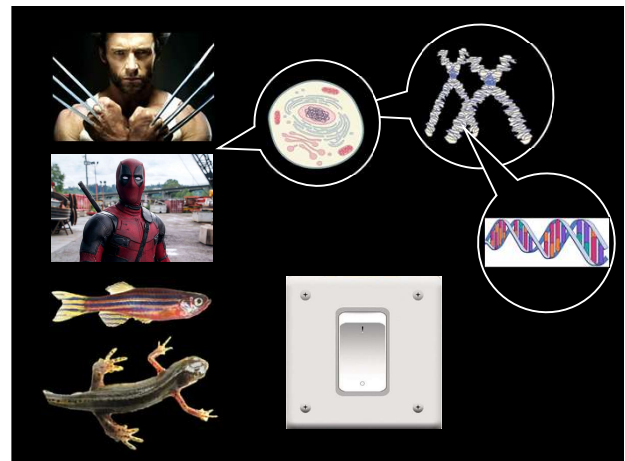
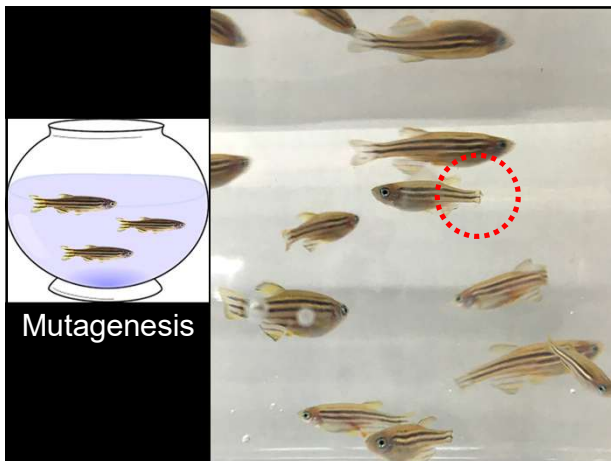
Direction #1
Collective cell behavior



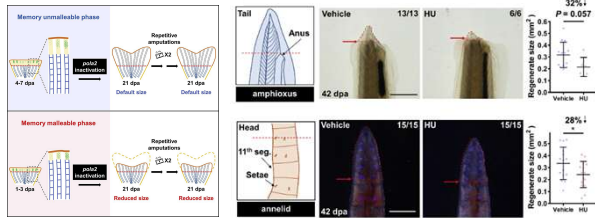
Direction #2
Regeneration mutants



We need to find **Wolverines** or **Deadpools** that cannot regenerate!



Pola2 resets positional memory during regeneration

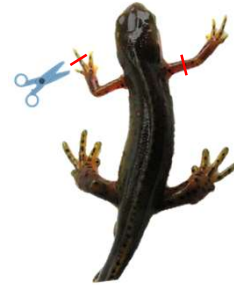


Wang et al., *Current Biology* 2019, PMID: 31786062

Regeneration speed vs. injury levels



Lazzaro Spallanzani
(1729- 1799)

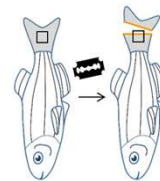


How do animals sense amputation levels and have different response?

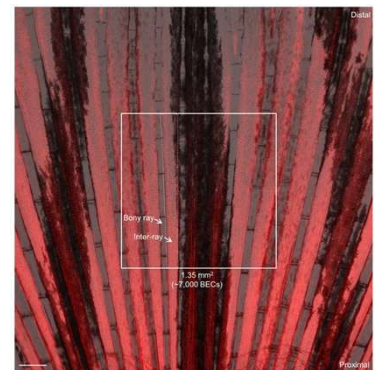


Lee et al., *Dev* (2005)

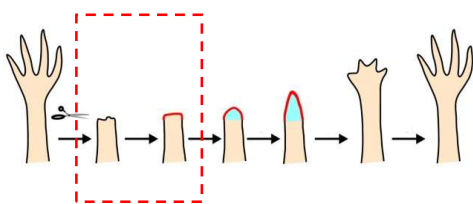
Real-time monitoring of 7,000 cells in a live animal



Marco De Leon

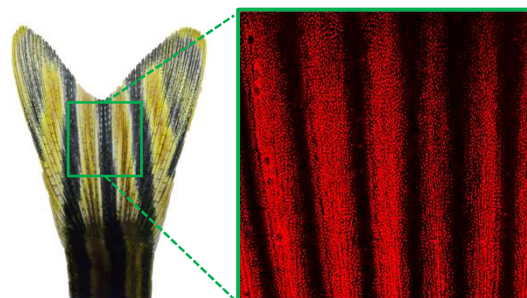


Wound healing is key to regeneration



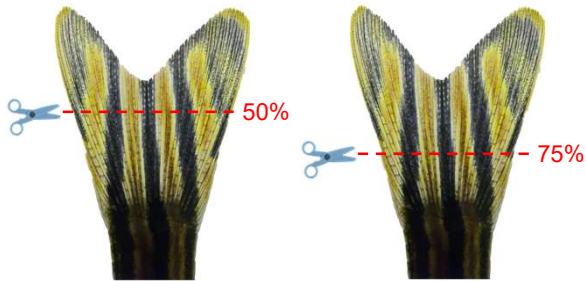
Whited et al., 2009

Live imaging of wound healing response

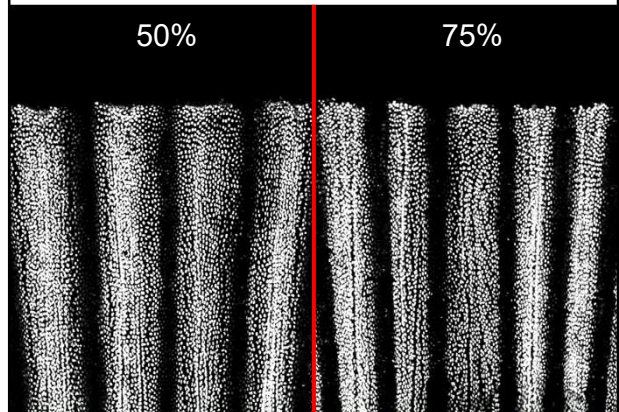


Tg(krt19:H2A-mCherry)

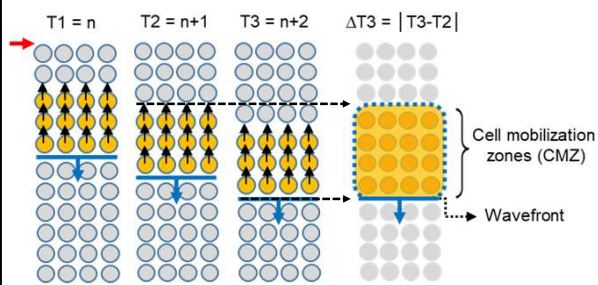
Distal amputation vs. Proximal amputation



Amputation levels regulate wound response



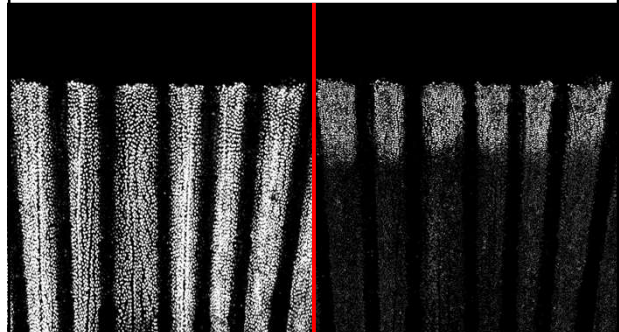
Amputation triggers “waves” to mobilize cells



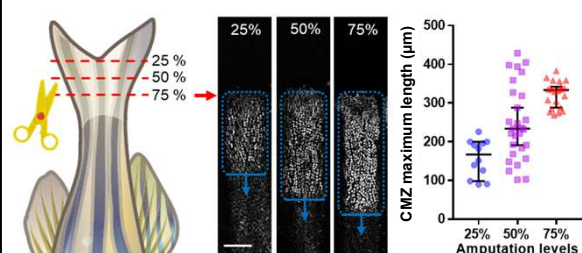
The wave travels over $\sim 600 \mu\text{m}$ in an hour

Live cell imaging

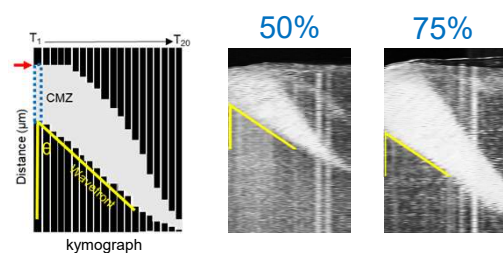
“White wave” analysis



Amputation levels regulate wound response



CMZ travels at a constant speed



Time to talk to a physicist!

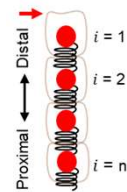


Dr. Lin, Keng-Hui
A soft matter physicist at Academia Sinica

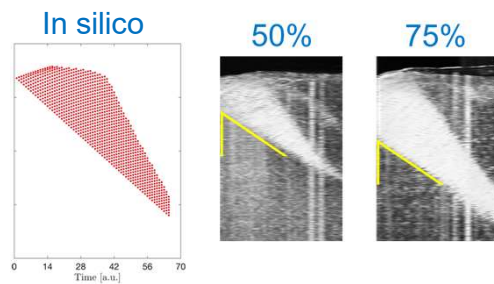


Dr. Wen, Fu-Lai
A theoretical physicist at NCKU

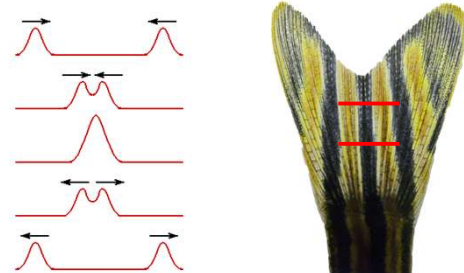
One-Dimensional Active Spring (ODAS)



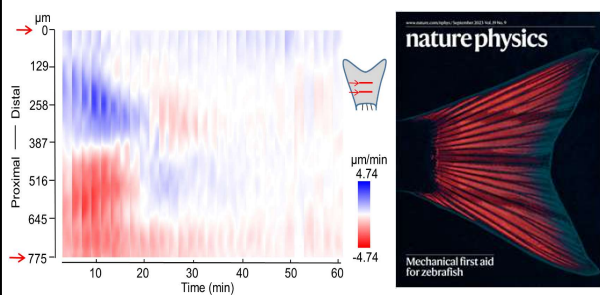
One-Dimensional Active Spring (ODAS)



Mechanical waves vs. Chemical waves

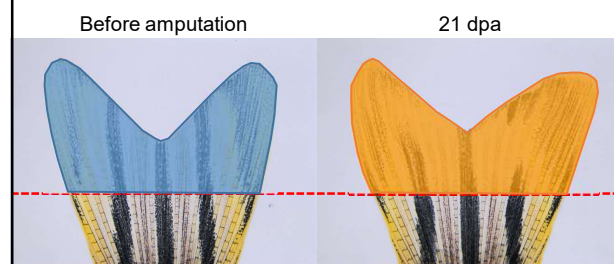


Mechanical waves direct amputation-level dependent tissue responses



De Leon et al., Nature Physics 2023

How does regeneration stop?



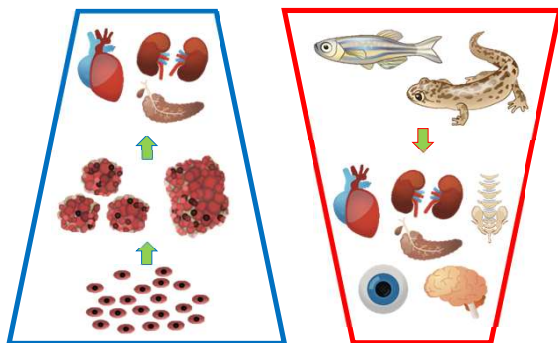
A fish that cannot stop regeneration



Can we make non-regenerative animals regenerative?



Bottom-up vs. top-down approaches



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“你真的想當科學家嗎?”

